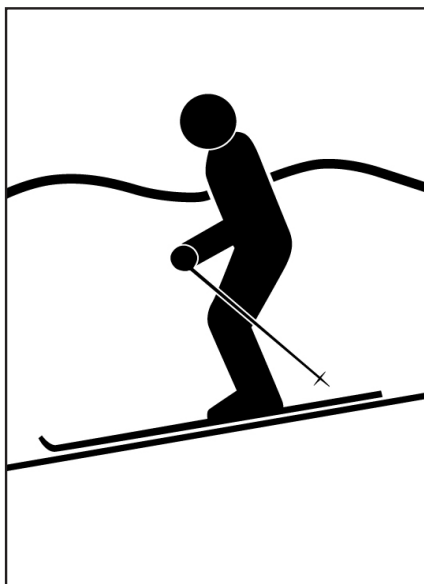


CLASSIFY YOURSELF

DETERMINING YOUR SKIER TYPE IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY!

Your Skier Type, height, weight, age and boot sole length are used by the shop technician to determine the release/retention settings for your bindings. Consult these descriptions to select your classification. Be sure to provide accurate information. Errors increase your risk of injury.



Skiers not classified as Types I or III.



TYPE I
Cautious skiing on smooth slopes of gentle to moderate pitch.

TYPE II

TYPE III
Fast skiing on slopes of moderate to steep pitch.

Skiers who designate themselves as Type I receive lower than average release/retention settings. This corresponds to an increased risk of inadvertent binding release in order to gain releasability in a fall. This type also applies to entry level skiers uncertain of their classification.

Skiers who designate themselves as Type II receive average release/retention settings appropriate for most recreational skiing.

Skiers who designate themselves as Type III receive higher than average release/retention settings. This corresponds to decreased releasability in a fall in order to gain a decreased risk of inadvertent binding release. Type III settings should not be used by skiers of less than 22 kg/48 lbs.

If you are unsatisfied with the release/retention settings that result from your classification please mention this to your binding technician.

NOTE:

If the skier reports release/retention problems see the chapter "trouble shooting release/retention problems", in the manual.

Skiers who desire release/retention settings lower than Type I may designate themselves (I-). **Type I-** is inappropriate for skiers 17 kg/38 lbs or less. **Type I-**: Move up the table one skier code.

Skiers who desire release/retention settings higher than Type III may designate themselves (III+). **Type III+**: Move down the table three skier codes.

Skiers may select skier type designations that are different for twist and forward lean. In such a case, the selection shall be indicated by a slash separating twist and forward lean selections, in that order (for example, K/L, K for the toe and L for the heel.